Technology in Medicine: New Frontiers Leading to Better Care

David Paydarfar, MD Professor and Chair of Neurology Dell Medical School and Mulva Clinic for the Neurosciences The University of Texas at Austin Austin, TX



David Paydarfar, MD Disclosures



• Advisory Board: Prapela, Inc.

Learning Objective

Explore the role of novel biosensors, signal processing algorithms, and user interfaces that will enable clinicians to track and predict the health of individual patients as well as entire populations.



In the New Frontiers break out session we will discuss novel biosensors, signal processing algorithms, and user interfaces that will enable clinicians to track and predict the health of individual patients as well as entire populations.

We will focusing on real-time monitoring, predictive analytics, and interventions with engaged patients and/or caregivers.

75 year old retired schoolteacher is brought to clinic by her son for urgent evaluation of difficulty with memory. Yesterday her neighbor saw her wandering outside fearfully and called 911. EMS found her confused, and found a pot with burning rice on her gas stove. She has a history of type 2 diabetes, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, hypothyroidism, and sleep apnea. Her son reported that she lives alone and has been having some difficulty maintaining her home and finances and for the past 2 years, but otherwise had been doing very well.

- Diagnostic approach to memory dysfunction
- Natural history of mild cognitive impairment
- How can technology improve diagnosis, monitoring, and treatment?



Clinical Hub-and-Spokes

Dell Seton Medical Center at the University of Austin and the Dell Children's Medical Center:

- Neuro ICU
- Epilepsy Monitoring Unit
- Comprehensive Stroke Service
- General Neuro Service
- Geriatric Psychiatry
- Neurosurgery Service
- Dedicated Complex (Robotic) Neurosurgery Suites (Cameras for Training Purposes)
- Pain Service

UT Health Austin Health Transformation Building and Dell

Children's Medical Center Clinics:

IPUs and Hospital	 Neuro-Diagnostic
Follow-Up	- EMG
- Cognitive	- EEG
Impairment	- Autonomic
- Movement	Testing
Disorders	 Infusion
- Epilepsy	- Neuro-
- Headache	immunologic
- MS/Neuro-	- Pharmacologic
immunologic	- Chemo-
- Stroke	therapeutic
- Bipolar Disorders	- Etc.
 Neural Recovery. 	Inder 24hr
Neuro-Procedures	
- Lumbar Puncture	Monitoring
- Etc.	Eniloney
	- Epilepsy

- Sleep



•••••Hub

Highest-level specialized clinical consultative and direct caredelivery expertise combined with most advanced equipment and facilities

Clinical Hub-and-Spokes

Dell Seton Medical Center at the University of Austin and the Dell Children's Medical Center:

- Neuro ICU
- Epilepsy Monitoring Unit
- Comprehensive Stroke Service
- General Neuro Service
- Geriatric Psychiatry
- Neurosurgery Service
- Dedicated Complex (Robotic) Neurosurgery Suites (Cameras for Training Purposes)
- Pain Service

UT Health Austin Health Transformation Building and Dell Children's Medical Center Clinics:

 IPUs and Hospital 	 Neuro-Diagnostic
Follow-Up	- EMG
- Cognitive	- EEG
Impairment	- Autonomic
- Movement	Testing
Disorders	 Infusion
- Epilepsy	- Neuro-
- Headache	immunologic
- MS/Neuro-	- Pharmacologic
immunologic	- Chemo-
- Stroke	therapeutic
 Bipolar Disorders 	- Etc.
 Neural Recovery 	• Under 24hr
 Neuro-Procedures 	Outpatient
- Lumbar Punctures	Monitoring
- Etc.	- Epilepsy

- Sleep





- Etc.

EpilepsySleep

Clinical Hub-and-Spokes Debistenateble Care: Center at the •••••Hub Stripleesity of Austin and the Dell Highest-level specialized clinical consultative and direct caredelivery expertise combined with most advanced equipment and facilities Spokes Tel-neurology-, EMR-, deviceconnectivity and direct personal interaction and consultations **UT Health Austin Health Health Facilities and Homes Transformation Building and Dell** Community-coverage based, teleneurology-connected hospital, **Children's Medical Center Clinics:** rehab, extended care, care centers IPUs and Hospital Neuro-Diagnostic and other community-based Follow-Up - EMG facilities and locations - Cognitive - EEG - Autonomic Impairment Movement Testing **Clinician Practices** Disorders Infusion Convenient, community-coverage - Epilepsy - Neurobased, tele-neurology-connected - Headache immunologic clinical practices and locations MS/Neuro-- Pharmacologic delivering standards-driven immunologic - Chemoquality care supported by at-need - Stroke therapeutic specialty consultative expertise **Bipolar Disorders** - Etc. and non-emergency and critical Neural Recovery. Under 24hr

Neuro-Procedures

- Lumbar Puncture

- Etc.

Outpatient

Monitoring

EpilepsySleep

patient transport services



Clinical Hub-and-Spokes

Cognitive Impairment

Coordinated Care Stroke



• Connected ambulance alerts HUB that Cognitive Impairment IPU patient will require surgery upon arrival Outcome: Patient's length of stay is 6 days (rather mean 4 weeks for this high risk group) and she is discharged to outpatient rehab (rather than chronic facility).

Hypothesis: This intervention slows the degenerative process

Collaborative Care: Cognitive Impairment



 Pantiechá y esintesa ils eodrareteks heerithip, facilityr (ghair home) ambulance

local hospi

 HUB Neurologist consults with community hospital anesthesiologist to use specialized anesthesia and perioperative "Delirium Prevention" protocols



Create technologies and care delivery systems

Enabling persons with cognitive impairment to live independently at home using new interactive technologies

DMS Population Health, Cockrell School of Engineering, Design Institute for Health

Hypothesis: We can halt or reduce progression of mild cognitive impairment to dementia through preventive measures





Comprehensive Program

Components +

Specialties +

Technology (Connectivity, etc.)

> People (Expertise)

Process (Care / Operations)

Categories		
Movement Disorders		
Cognitive Disorders		
Headache		
Acute and Chronic Pain		
Visual Impairment		
Vertigo		
Seizure Disorder		
CSF Disturbances		
Brain Tumors		
Autonomic Disorders		
Sleep Disorders		
Neurocritical Care		
Cerebrovascular Diseases		
Neuroimmune Disorders		
Neuromuscular Diseases		
Neuroinfectious Diseases		
Inherited/Developmental		
Neurorehabilitation		
Neuropsychiatric		

Delivery





Questions Answers



Don't forget to fill out your evaluations to collect your credit.

